

Appendix C: Symbols Used in Geophysical Exploration

The following symbols are recommended for publications of the SEG. Additional symbols used in well logging and mathematics are listed in Appendices D and E. Symbols are generally bold face when they indicate vector quantities.

<i>a</i>	Apparent (as a subscript); velocity gradient with depth; year.
<i>A</i>	Area.
AMT	Audiomagnetotelluric.
b/B	Magnetic induction in time/frequency domain.
<i>c</i>	Velocity (of light); seismic velocity.
<i>C</i>	Capacitance = Q/V .
d/D	Electric displacement in time/frequency domain.
<i>d_s</i>	Depth of source/shot.
<i>e</i>	Base of natural logarithms.
<i>E</i>	Young's modulus; elevation; voltage (EMF).
e/E	Electric field strength in time/frequency domain.
EM	Electromagnetic.
F	Magnetic vector potential.
<i>f, F</i>	Frequency; fair (reliable but with less accuracy/certainty than desirable); function.
FE	Frequency effect.
FEM	Frequency-domain electromagnetic.
<i>g</i>	Acceleration of gravity.
<i>G</i>	Conductance.
<i>G, G</i>	Scalar/tensor Green's function.
<i>h</i>	Thickness.
h/H	Magnetic field strength in time/frequency domain.
<i>I</i>	Current (scalar).
I	Intensity of magnetization (a vector); current vector.
<i>i, j</i>	$(-1)^{1/2}$.
i, j, k	Unit vectors in the <i>x</i> -, <i>y</i> -, <i>z</i> -direction.
IP	Induced electric polarization.
J	Free charge current density (a vector).
<i>k</i>	Bulk modulus; susceptibility.
<i>K_e</i>	Relative dielectric permittivity [$K_e = 1/(4\pi\epsilon_0)$].
<i>K_m</i>	Relative magnetic permeability [$K_m = (\mu_0/4\pi)$].
<i>L</i>	Inductance; area over a decay curve; length.
<i>m</i>	Volume chargeability.
<i>M</i>	Mutual inductance, integral chargeability.
m, M	Magnetic polarization in time/frequency domain.
MF	Metal factor.
MIP	Magnetic induced electric polarization.
MMR	Magnetometric resistivity.
MT	Magnetotelluric.
n	Unit normal vector.
<i>n</i>	Index of refraction.
<i>p</i>	Raypath parameter; pressure.
<i>P</i>	Polarization; dipole moment/volume; poor (probably reliable with poor accuracy); pressure.
PFE	Percent frequency effect.

P, P		Magnetic polarization in time/frequency domain.
q		Charge.
Q		Heat-flow rate.
r		Position vector.
r		Radial distance.
R		Resistance; reflectivity (reflection coefficient); radius.
s		Laplace transform variable.
S		Admittance=1/Z; surface.
t		Time; traveltime.
T		Period; temperature; age; transmission coefficient.
TEM		Time-domain electromagnetic.
u_x, u_y, u_z		Unit vectors in Cartesian coordinates (or i, j, k).
u_ρ, u_θ, u_z		Unit vectors in cylindrical coordinates.
u_r, u_θ, u_φ		Unit vectors in spherical coordinates.
U		Group velocity; magnetic scalar potential.
v, V		Velocity; phase velocity; volume
V		Voltage; electric or gravity scalar potential.
vp, VP		Very poor (in both reliability and accuracy).
w _x		Weathering.
x		Offset distance; distance.
X		Reactance; $X_C = 1/(2\pi\nu C)$; $X_L = 2\pi\nu L$.
y		Admittance.
z		Depth
z ⁿ		Time delay of n units.
Z		Impedance.
α	alpha	P-wave velocity; proportional to; attenuation factor (seismology), propagation constant (electromagnetic), phase constant; α-particles.
β	beta	S-wave velocity, β-particles, attenuation constant (electromagnetic).
γ	gamma	Skewness; gyromagnetic ratio; unit of magnetic field strength; phase angle; gravitational constant; gamma ray.
δ	delta	Impulse ($\delta(t)$ or δ_l); logarithmic decrement; skin depth; depth of penetration.
tan δ, tan δ _m , tan δ _{em}		Dielectric, magnetic, electromagnetic loss tangent.
Δ	Delta	Difference; dilatation; skin depth or attenuation length.
ε	epsilon	Permittivity; eccentricity.
η	eta	Overvoltage; absorption coefficient.
θ	theta	Angle; induction number.
θ _c	Theta	Critical angle.
κ	kappa	2π (wavenumber) = $2\pi/\lambda$.
λ	lambda	Wavelength; coefficient of anisotropy; Lamé's constant.
μ	mu	Magnetic permeability = B/H ; micro; Lamé's shear modulus; damping factor, attenuation constant (radiometric); viscosity.
ξ	xi	Dip.
ρ	rho	Density; electric resistivity; radius of curvature; radial distance, charge density.
σ	sigma	Poisson's ratio; electrical conductivity; standard deviation; stress.
τ	tau	Time delay; damping factor.

ϕ	phi	Porosity; flux; correlation function; latitude.
χ	chi	Magnetic susceptibility.
ψ	psi	Wave function.
ω	omega	Angular frequency.
Ω	Omega	Ohm.
∇	Del.	Gradient operator (a vector).
*		Convolution operator.